SEMESTER - III						
Sl. No.	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	PH302T	Classical Mechanics	2	1	0	6
2	HS201T	<u>Economics</u>	2	1	0	6
3	ME206T	Thermodynamics	2	1	0	6
4	EE204T	Signals and Systems	2	1	0	6
5	EE205T	Introduction to Probability (Pre mid-sem)	3	0	0	3
6	PH303T	Quantum Mechanics-I	2	1	0	6
7	EE207T	Data Analysis (Post-mid-sem)	2	1	0	3
8	PH201L	Introductory Physics Laboratory	0	0	3	3
	Third Semester Total Credits			36		
	Second Year Total Credits			75		

1	Title of the course	Classical Mechanics
1	(L-T-P-C)	(2-1-0-6)
2	Pre-requisite courses(s)	Nil
3	Course content	Review of Newtonian Mechanics - Newton's Laws of Motion and Conservation Laws.  Principles of Canonical Mechanics - Constraints and generalized coordinates, Alembert's principle, Lagrange's equation, Hamilton's variational principle, canonical systems, symmetries and conservation laws, Noether's theorem, Liouville's Theorem.  Central Force: Equations of motion Virial Theorem, Kepler's Laws, Scattering in a Central Force Field.  Rigid Body: Euler angles, Coriolis Effect, Euler equations, moment of inertia tensor, motion of asymmetric top.  Small Oscillations: Eigen value problem, frequencies of free vibrations and normal modes, forced vibration, dissipation.  Special Theory of Relativity: Newtonian relativity, Michelson-Morley experiment, Special theory of relativity, Lorentz transformations and its consequences, addition of velocities, variation of mass with velocity, mass-energy relation, Minkowski four-dimensional continuum, four vectors.  Hamiltonian Equation, Gauge transformation, canonical transformation, Infinitesimal transformation, Poisson brackets, Hamilton-Jacobi equations, Separation of variables.  Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulation of continuous systems.
4	Texts/References	<ol> <li>Classical Mechanics: H. Goldstein, C. P. Poole, and J. Safko, Pearson 2011.</li> <li>Classical Mechanics: N. C. Rana and P. S. Joag, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.</li> <li>Introduction to Classical Mechanics: David Morin, Cambridge University Press, 2008.</li> <li>Mechanics: L.D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Butterworth- Heinemann, 3rd edition, 1982.</li> <li>Mechanics: From Newton's Laws to Deterministic Chaos, F. Scheck, Springer, 5th edition, 2010.</li> <li>Introduction to Classical Mechanics, R G Takwale and P S Puranik, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.</li> </ol>

1	Title of the course	Economics	
	(L-T-P-C)	(2-1-0-6)	
2	Pre-requisite courses(s)		
3	Course content	Basic economic problems. resource constraints and Welfare maximizations. Nature of Economics: Positive and normative economics; Micro and macroeconomics, Basic concepts in economics. The role of the State in economic activity; market and government failures; New Economic Policy in India.  Theory of utility and consumer choice. Theories of demand, supply, and market equilibrium. Theories of firm, production, and costs. Market structures.  Perfect and imperfect competition, oligopoly, monopoly. An overview of macroeconomics, measurement, and determination of national income. Consumption, savings, and investments. Commercial and central banking.  Relationship between money, output, and prices. Inflation - causes, consequences, and remedies. International trade, foreign exchange and balance payments, stabilization policies: Monetary, Fiscal and Exchange rate policies.	
4	Texts/References	<ol> <li>P. A. Samuelson &amp; W. D. Nordhaus, Economics, McGraw Hill, NY, 1995.</li> <li>A. Koutsoyiannis, Modern Microeconomics, Macmillan, 1975. R. Pindyck and D. L. Rubinfeld, Microeconomics, Macmillan publishing company, NY, 1989.</li> <li>R. J. Gordon, Macroeconomics 4th edition, Little Brown and Co., Boston, 1987.</li> <li>William F. Shughart II, The Organization of Industry, Richard D. Irwin, Illinois, 1990.</li> <li>R.S. Pindyck and D.L. Rubinfeld. Microeconomics         <ul> <li>The (7thEdition), Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2009.</li> </ul> </li> <li>R. Dornbusch, S. Fischer, and R. Startz.         <ul> <li>Macroeconomics (9th Edition), McGraw-Hill Inc. New York, 2004.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	

1	Title of the course (L-T-P-C)	Thermodynamics (2-1-0-6)
2	Pre-requisite courses(s)	Nill
3	Course content	Thermodynamic Systems, properties & state, process &cycle  Heat & Work: Definition of work and its identification, work done at the moving boundary, Zeroth law,  Properties of pure substance: Phase equilibrium, independent properties, and equations of state, compressibility factor, Tables of thermodynamic properties & their use, Mollier Diagram  First law: First law for control mass & control volume for a cycle as well as for a change of state, internal energy & enthalpy, Specific heats; internal energy, enthalpy & specific heat of ideal gases. SS process, Transient processes.  Second Law of Thermodynamics: Reversible process; heat engine, heat pump, refrigerator; Kelvin- Planck & Clausius statements ,Carnot cycle for pure substance & ideal gas, Concept of entropy; the Need of entropy definition of entropy; entropy of a pure substance; entropy change of a reversible & irreversible processes; principle of increase of entropy, thermodynamic property relation, corollaries of second law, Second law for control volume; SS & Transient processes; Reversible SSSF process; principle of increase of entropy, Understanding efficiency.  Irreversibility and availability: Available energy, reversible work & irreversibility for control mass and control volume processes; second law efficiency.  Thermodynamic relations: Clapeyron equation, Maxwell relations, Thermodynamic relation for enthalpy, internal energy, and entropy, expansively and compressibility factor, equation of state, generalized chart for enthalpy.  Thermodynamic Cycles: Otto, Diesel, Duel and Joule Third Law of Thermodynamics
4	TextReference	<ol> <li>Sonntag R., Claus B. &amp; V. Wylen G, Fundamentals of Thermodynamics, John Wiley, 2000.</li> <li>G Rogers, YR Mayhew, Engineering Thermodynamics Work and Heat Transfer, Pearson 2003</li> <li>J.P Howell, P.O. Bulkins, Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics, McGraw Hill, 1987</li> <li>Y Cengal, M A Boles, Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.</li> <li>Michael J. &amp; H.N. Shapiro, Fundaments of Engineering Thermodynamics, John Wiley, 2004.</li> </ol>

1	Title of the course (L-T-P-C)	Signals and Systems (2-1-0-6)
2	Pre-requisite courses(s)	
3	Course content	<ul> <li>Continuous-time and Discrete-time signal (and system) classification and properties.</li> <li>Impulse response, LTI / LSI system and properties; Continuous-time and Discrete-time convolution.</li> <li>Linear constant coefficient differential (and difference) equations.</li> <li>Continuous – time Fourier series and Continuous – time Fourier Transform. Their properties.</li> <li>Discrete – time Fourier series and Discrete – time Fourier Transform. Their properties.</li> <li>Sampling and Aliasing in time and frequency. Discrete Fourier Transform.</li> <li>Laplace Transform and its Properties. Z-Transform and its Properties.</li> </ul>
4	Texts/References	<ol> <li>Signals and Systems, Authors: Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky, Edition: 2, illustrated, Publisher: Pearson, 2013.</li> <li>Signal Processing and Linear Systems, Author: Bhagawandas P. Lathi, Edition: 2, illustrated, Publisher: Oxford University Press, 2009.</li> <li>Signals and Systems, Authors: Simon S. Haykin, Barry Van Veen, Edition: 2, illustrated, Publisher: Wiley, 2003.</li> </ol>

1	Title of the course (L-T-P-C)	Data Analysis (3-0-0-6)	
2	Pre-requisite courses(s)		
3	Course content	The role of statistics. Graphical and numerical methods for describing and summarizing data. Probability. Population distributions. Sampling variability and sampling distributions. Estimation using a single sample. Hypothesis testing a single sample. Comparing two populations or treatments. Simple linear regression and correlation. Case studies.	
4	Texts/References	<ol> <li>Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists by Sheldon M. Ross, Elsevier, New Delhi, 3rd edition (Indian), 2014.</li> <li>Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic processes by Papoulis and Pillai, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.</li> <li>An Introduction to Probability Theory and Its Applications, Vol. 1, William Feller, 3rd edition, Wiley International, 1968.</li> </ol>	

1	Title of the course	Introduction to Probability
	(L-T-P-C)	(3-0-0-3)
2	Pre-requisite courses(s)	Basic calculus
3	Course content	Introduction: Motivation for studying the course, revision of basic math required, connection between probability and length on subsets of the real line, probability-formal definition, events and \$\sigma\$-algebra, independence of events, and conditional probability, sequence of events, and Borel-Cantell Lemma.  Random Variables: Definition of random variables, and types of random variables, CDF, PDF and its properties, random vectors and independence, brief introduction to transformation of random variables, introduction to Gaussian random vectors.  Mathematical Expectations: Importance of averages through examples, definition of expectation, moments and conditional expectation, use of MGF, PGF and characteristic functions, variance and k-th moment, MMSE estimation.  Inequalities and Notions of convergence: Markov, Chebychev, Chernoff and Mcdiarmid inequalities, convergence in probability, mean, and almost sure, law of large numbers and central limit theorem.
		<ul> <li>A short introduction to Random Process: Example and formal definition, stationarity, autocorrelation, and cross correlation function, definition of ergodicity.</li> <li>1. Robert B. Ash, "Basic Probability Theory," Reprint of the John Wiley &amp; Sons, Inc., New York, 1970 edition.</li> </ul>
4	Texts/References	<ol> <li>Sheldon Ross, "A first course in probability," Pearson Education India, 2002.</li> <li>Bruce Hayek, "An Exploration of Random Processes for Engineers," Lecture notes, 2012.</li> <li>D. P. Bertsekas and J. Tsitisklis, "Introduction to Probability"         MITLecture notes, 2000 (link: <a href="https://www.vfu.bg/en/e-Learning/Math">https://www.vfu.bg/en/e-Learning/Math</a></li></ol>

1	Title of the course	Quantum Mechanics-II
1	(L-T-P-C)	(2-1-0-6)
2	Pre-requisite courses(s)	PH101-Quantum Physics and Applications Quantum Mechanics - I
3	Course content	Time independent Perturbation Theory – Zeeman and Stark effects.  Wentzel–Kramers–Brillouin approximation Variational method Time dependent perturbation theory, Scattering Theory, Born Approximation, Partial Wave analysis, Path Integral approach to Quantum Mechanics, Relativistic Quantum Mechanics  Introduction to Quantum Field Theory, Quantization of free scalar field. Master equations, open and closed quantum system dynamics.
4	Texts/References	<ol> <li>Modern Quantum Mechanics, J J Sakurai, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1994</li> <li>Advanced Quantum Mechanics, J J Sakurai, Pearson, 1967.</li> <li>Quantum Mechanics (Vol 1 and 2), C. Cohen-Tannoudji, B. Diu, and F. Laloe, Wiley VH; 2nd edition 2019.</li> <li>R. Shankar, Principles of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Ed. (Plenum Press, New York, 1994)</li> <li>Quantum Mechanics and Path Integrals, R. P. Feynman and A. R. Hibbs, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1965.</li> <li>An Introduction to Quantum Field Theory, M.E. Peskin, D. V. Schroeder, Westview Press, 1995.</li> <li>The theory of open quantum systems, H. P. Breuer and F. Petruccione, Oxford University Press, 2002.</li> </ol>