

## BSMS-Physics

Semester VI						
S.No	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1		<u>Program Elective-II</u>	2	1	0	6
	PH 405	<u>Quantum Mechanics-II.</u>	2	1	0	6
	PH 304	<u>Statistical Physics</u>	2	1	0	6
		Institute Elective – 1	2	1	0	6
		Institute Elective – 2 / Minor Project-1	0	0	6	6
		<b>ALO</b>				
		Total Credits				27

## **BSMS-Physics**

1	<b>Title of the course (L-T-P-C)</b>	<b>Quantum Mechanics-II. (2-1-0-6)</b>
2	<b>Pre-requisite courses(s)</b>	PH101-Quantum Physics and Applications Quantum Mechanics - I
3	<b>Course content</b>	Time independent Perturbation Theory – Zeeman and Stark effects. Wentzel–Kramers–Brillouin approximation Variational method Time dependent perturbation theory, Scattering Theory, Born Approximation, Partial Wave analysis, Path Integral approach to Quantum Mechanics, Relativistic Quantum Mechanics Introduction to Quantum Field Theory, Quantization of free scalar field. Master equations, open and closed quantum system dynamics.
4	<b>Texts/References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Modern Quantum Mechanics, J J Sakurai, Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, 1994</li><li>2. Advanced Quantum Mechanics, J J Sakurai, Pearson, 1967.</li><li>3. Quantum Mechanics (Vol 1 and 2), C. Cohen-Tannoudji, B. Diu, and F. Laloe, Wiley VH; 2nd edition 2019.</li><li>4. R. Shankar, Principles of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Ed. (Plenum Press, New York, 1994)</li><li>5. Quantum Mechanics and Path Integrals, R. P. Feynman and A. R. Hibbs, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1965.</li><li>6. An Introduction to Quantum Field Theory, M.E. Peskin, D. V. Schroeder, Westview Press, 1995.</li><li>7. The theory of open quantum systems, H. P. Breuer and F. Petruccione, Oxford University Press, 2002.</li></ol>

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1	<b>Title of the course (L-T-P-C)</b>	<b>Statistical Physics (2-1-0-6)</b>
2	<b>Pre-requisite courses(s)</b>	None
3	<b>Course content</b>	<p>Thermodynamics: Thermal equilibrium, the laws of thermodynamics; temperature, energy, entropy, and other functions of state.</p> <p>Probability Theory: Probability densities, cumulants and correlations; central limit theorem; laws of large numbers.</p> <p>Kinetic Theory: Phase space densities; Liouville's theorem, the Boltzmann equation; transport phenomena.</p> <p>Classical Statistical Mechanics: Postulates; microcanonical, canonical and grand canonical ensembles; Gibb's paradox, non-interacting examples. Maxwell Boltzmann distribution, ideal gas.</p> <p>Quantum Statistical Mechanics: Indistinguishability, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac distributions and Applications</p> <p>Interacting Systems: Virial and cluster expansions; van der Waals theory; liquid-vapor condensation.</p> <p>Quantization effects in molecular gases; phonons, photons; density matrix formulation.</p> <p>Identical Particles: Degenerate quantum gases; Fermi liquids; Bose condensation; superfluidity.</p>
4	<b>Texts/References</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Huang, Kerson. Statistical Mechanics. 2nd ed. Wiley, 1987.</li><li>2. Baierlein, Thermal Physics (Cambridge University Press, 1999).</li><li>3. Pathria, R. K. Statistical Mechanics. Pergamon Press, 1972.</li><li>4. Ma, Shang-keng. Statistical Mechanics. Translated by M. K. Fung. World Scientific Publishing Company, 1985.</li><li>5. J. K. Bhattacharjee, Statistical Physics: Equilibrium and Non-Equilibrium Aspects, Allied Publishes, 2000</li><li>6. F. Reif, Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics Statistical Physics :Amit and Verbin, Word Scientific, 1999.</li></ol>